

ATG13

Order: order@swbio.com

Catalog Number: 24147-1, 24147-2 Amount: 50µg/50µl, 100µg/100µl Swiss-Prot No.: 075143

Form of Antibody: Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150mM

NaCl,0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Storage/Stability: Store at -20°C/1 year

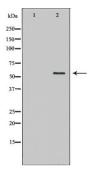
Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from Human ATG13 Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Specificity/Sensitivity: ATG13 antibody detects endogenous levels of total ATG13 protein

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications:

Predicted MW: 57kd WB:1:500~1:2000 IHC:1:50-200



Western blot analysis of extracts of variouscell lines, using ATG13 antibody.

Background:

The autophagy-related protein 13 (Atg13) plays an important role in the formation of autophagosomes. Autophagosomes are formed in response to nutrient deprivation and function as the transport vesicles for organelles, proteins, and protein complexes targeted for lysosomes that digest these cargos to produce energy and nutrients. Atg13 is activated by the mTOR pathway and forms a complex with the FIP200 protein. This complex is involved in enhancing the activity of the ULK1 kinase which is required for the formation of autophagosomes. Atg13/FIP200 faciliates the localization of ULK1 to pre-autophagosomes, and subsequently stabilizes ULK1. Autophagy is an important process in development, growth, and cell differentiation, and disruption of this process may contribute to cancer, aging, and neurodegenerative diseases.