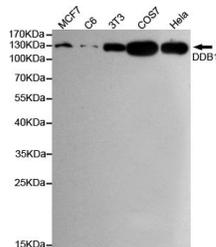




DDB1

Mouse monoclonal Antibody

#53324

Catalog Number: 53324**Amount:** 100µg/100µl**Swiss-Prot No. :** Q16531**Gene name:** ddb1**Gene id:** 1642**Clone Number:** 2D6-B5-E6**Form of Antibody:** Purified mouse monoclonal in buffer containing 0.1M Tris-Glycine (pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl) with 0.2% sodium azide, 50% glycerol**Storage/Stability:** Store at -20°C/1 year**Immunogen:** Purified recombinant human DDB1 protein fragments expressed in E.coli**Purification:** affinity-chromatography**Specificity/Sensitivity:** This antibody detects endogenous levels of DDB1 and does not cross-react with related proteins**Reactivity:** Human, Mouse, Rat, Monkey**Applications:** Predicted MW: 127 kd WB: 1:1000

Western blot detection of DDB1 in HeLa, MCF7, COS7, C6 and 3T3 cell lysates using DDB1 mouse mAb (1:1000 diluted), with Super ECL. Predicted band size: 127 kDa. Observed band size: 127 kDa.

Background:

The protein encoded by this gene is the large subunit (p127) of the heterodimeric DNA damage-binding (DDB) complex while another protein (p48) forms the small subunit. This protein complex functions in nucleotide-excision repair and binds to DNA following UV damage. Defective activity of this complex causes the repair defect in patients with xeroderma pigmentosum complementation group E (XPE) - an autosomal recessive disorder characterized by photosensitivity and early onset of carcinomas. However, it remains for mutation analysis to demonstrate whether the defect in XPE patients is in this gene or the gene encoding the small subunit. In addition, Best vitelliform macular dystrophy is mapped to the same region as this gene on 11q, but no sequence alternations of this gene are demonstrated in Best disease patients. The protein encoded by this gene also functions as an adaptor molecule for the cullin 4 (CUL4) ubiquitin E3 ligase complex by facilitating the binding of substrates to this complex and the ubiquitination of proteins.