



MEF2A (Phospho-Ser408) Antibody

#11309

Catalog Number: 11309-1, 11309-2

Amount: 50µg/50µl, 100µg/100µl

Swiss-Prot No. : Q02078

Form of Antibody: Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg²⁺ and Ca²⁺), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.

Storage/Stability: Store at -20°C/1 year

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized phosphopeptide derived from Human MEF2A around the phosphorylation site of serine 408 (P-I-S^P-P-P).

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific phosphopeptide. The antibody against non-phosphopeptide was removed by chromatography using non-phosphopeptide corresponding to the phosphorylation site.

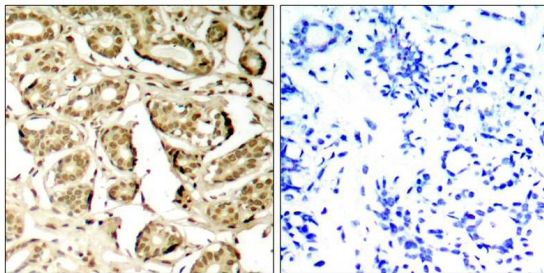
Specificity/Sensitivity: MEF2A (phospho-Ser408) antibody detects endogenous levels of MEF2A only when phosphorylated at serine 408

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications:

Predicted MW: 54kd

IHC: 1:50~1:100



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue using MEF2A (Phospho-Ser408) antibody (#11309).

Background : The process of differentiation from mesodermal precursor cells to myoblasts has led to the discovery of a variety of tissue-specific factors that regulate muscle gene expression. The myogenic basic helix-loop-helix proteins, including myoD (MIM 159970), myogenin (MIM 159980), MYF5 (MIM 159990), and MRF4 (MIM 159991) are one class of identified factors. A second family of DNA binding regulatory proteins is the myocyte-specific enhancer factor-2 (MEF2) family. Each of these proteins binds to the MEF2 target DNA sequence present in the regulatory regions of many, if not all, muscle-specific genes. The MEF2 genes are members of the MADS gene family (named for the yeast mating type-specific transcription factor MCM1, the plant homeotic genes 'agamous' and 'deficiens' and the human serum response factor SRF (MIM 600589)), a family that also includes several homeotic genes and other transcription factors, all of which share a conserved DNA-binding domain